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# **HPE SHADOWBASE TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW FOR DIGITAL RESILIENCE (MALWARE AND RANSOMWARE PREVENTION)**

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# HPE SHADOWBASE ARCHITECTURES FOR MALWARE AND RANSOMWARE

Agenda - Protect, avoid, identify, and resolve

## Key technology trends and challenges

### Malware and Ransomware – general comments

### Shadowbase architectures for ransomware recovery

- Ransomware Solution Architecture #1 – Replication Connected via QMGR Files (non air-gapped)
- Ransomware Solution Architecture #2 – Air-gapped, Immutable Data
- Ransomware – additional comments

### Malware – new architectures for mission-critical applications

- Shadowbase validation architectures for malware prevention
- Election/balloting application Proof of Concept (POC)

### Stuff we won't have time for (sorry!)

- Shadowbase compare technologies
- Shadowbase malware and ransomware data recovery tools

### Summary



# KEY TECHNOLOGY TRENDS AND CHALLENGES

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# KEY TECHNOLOGY TRENDS AND CHALLENGES

Look to HPE Shadowbase to help solve them

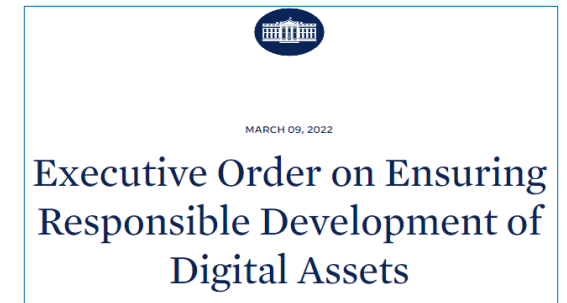
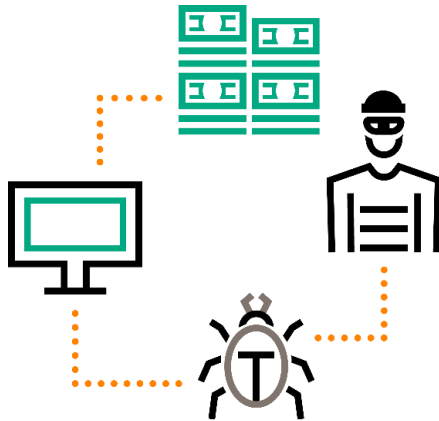
- **Digital resiliency**

- Protection, detection, containment, recovery and repair capabilities against information and communication technology (ICT) related incidents

- **Government regulations are underway**

- **Malware and Ransomware protection**

- Global business concern
- New approaches (e.g., “immutable” backups and “air-gapped” systems)
- **Value of TMF-audited applications and data cannot be overstated**



# HPE SHADOWBASE

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Malware and Ransomware – general comments



# MALWARE AND RANSOMWARE (1)

## General comments

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1. **Know your Enemy:** *Malware and Ransomware are not (quite) the same thing!*
  - a) **Malware** is essentially *software that is specifically designed to disrupt, damage, or gain unauthorized access to a computer system* (Source: Dictionary.com)
  - b) **Ransomware** is essentially *a type of malicious software designed to block access to a computer system until a sum of money is paid* (Source: Dictionary.com)
2. However, we categorize ransomware as a type of malware, noting the protections for each are different but intersecting
3. Gravic is focused on **protecting your data** when it comes to malware and ransomware detection, prevention, and recovery
  - a) However, additional techniques will be needed to protect the application environment, network, personnel, etc.
4. Gravic's approach: **prevent the malware or ransomware from working/operating;** and if it occurs, **detect it and terminate it immediately before it can do (more) harm**
  - a) And, we have the tools to help you recover corrupted data



# MALWARE AND RANSOMWARE (2)

## General comments

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5. **Shadowbase data replication** cannot spread ransomware “programs”
  - a) **Shadowbase data replication** does not replicate object code or programs
  - b) Hence, data replication will not spread malware or ransomware *object code, programs, libraries, DLL’s, modules, etc*
6. **File Replication** via backup/restore, PAK/UNPAK, FTP, HPE AutoSYNC, etc. **can spread malware or ransomware programs**
7. **Data replication is, however, susceptible to a malware or malicious hacker attack** that corrupts or encrypts specific record fields or table columns
  - a) These attacks are the focus of the new Gravic Labs Shadowbase Validation Architecture (VA) for immediate avoidance/detection and resolution (discussed later)
8. We will first look at existing SB architectures to assist with Ransomware recovery

**Note:** malware that just “monitors” and stealthily culls info is still a challenge and requires additional measures such as *monitoring for unauthorized outbound traffic, fingerprinting all programs, etc*





# HPE SHADOWBASE

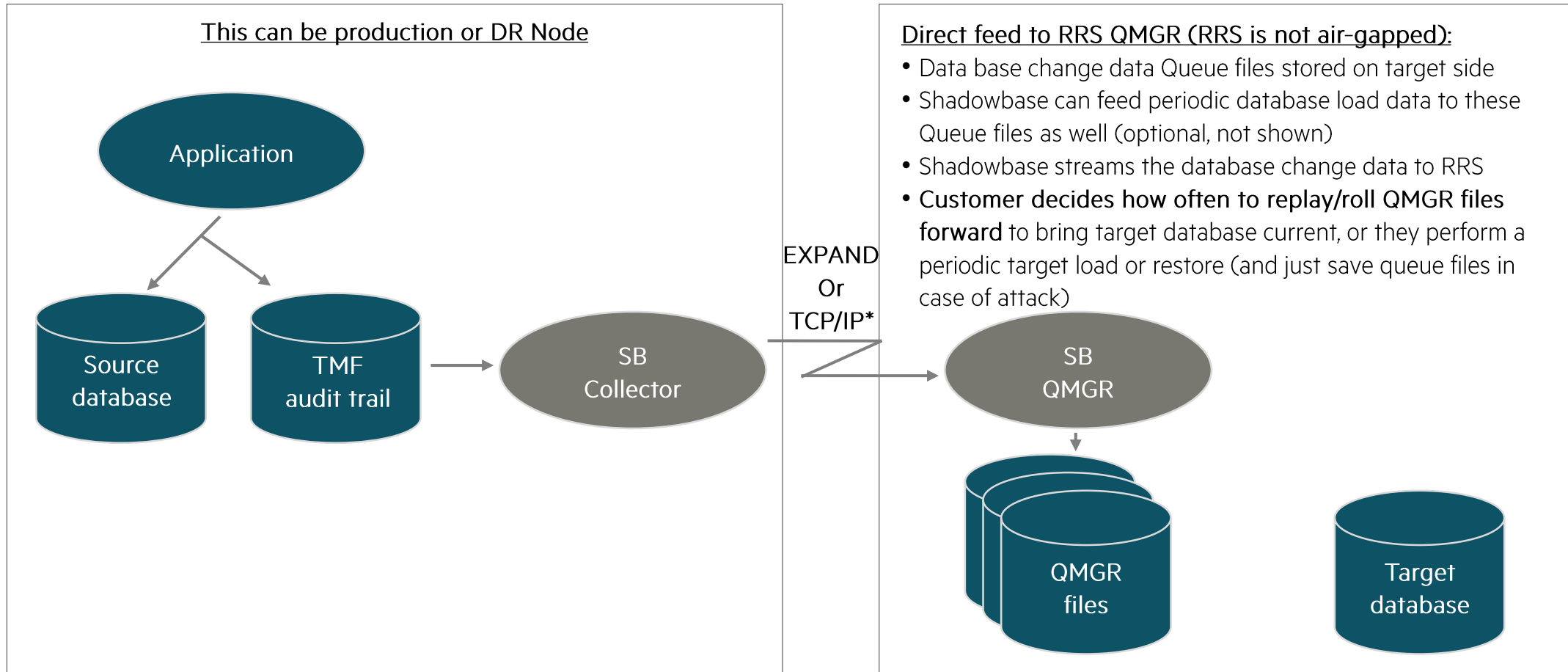
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Ransomware Solution Architecture #1 – replication connected via QMGR files  
(non air-gapped solution)



# SHADOWBASE REPLICATION TECHNOLOGY (1)

NonStop server to NonStop server – QMGR fed on target Ransomware Remediation System (RRS)

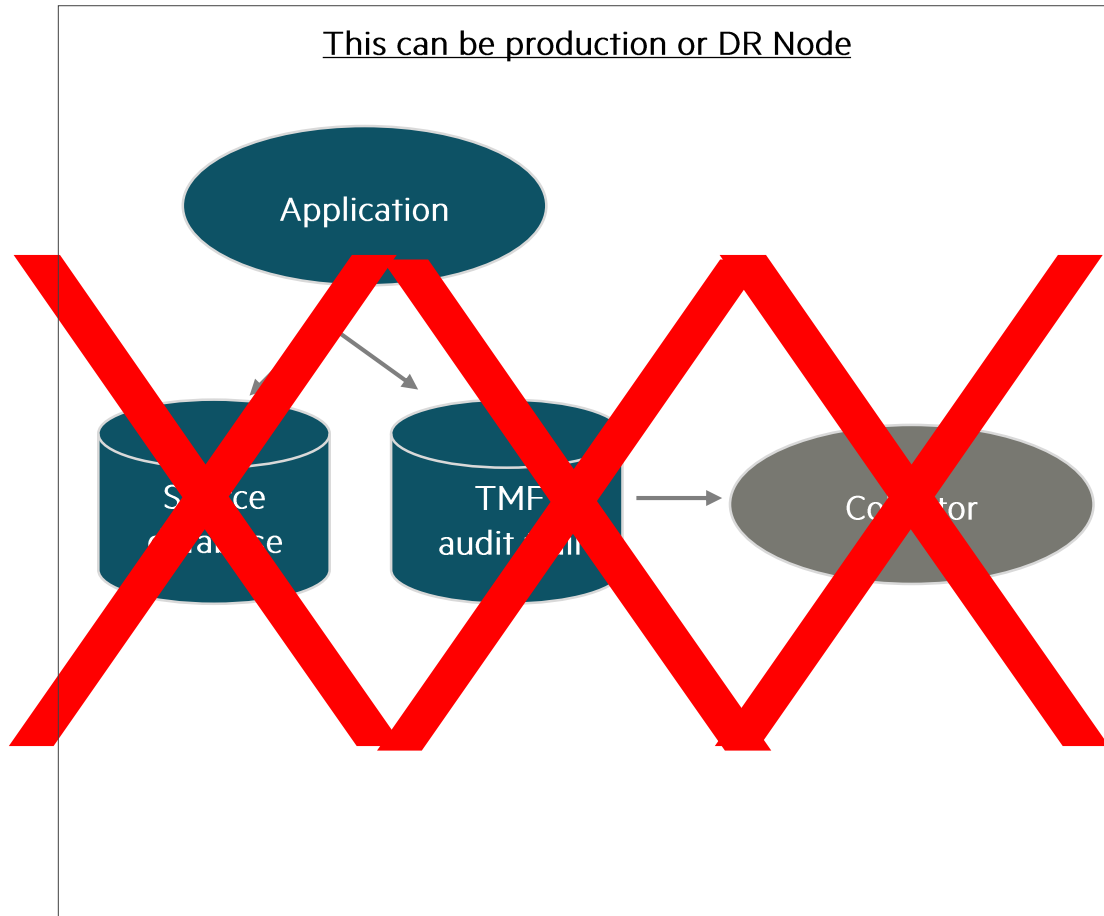


System \PROD or \DR

System \RRS

# SHADOWBASE REPLICATION TECHNOLOGY (2)

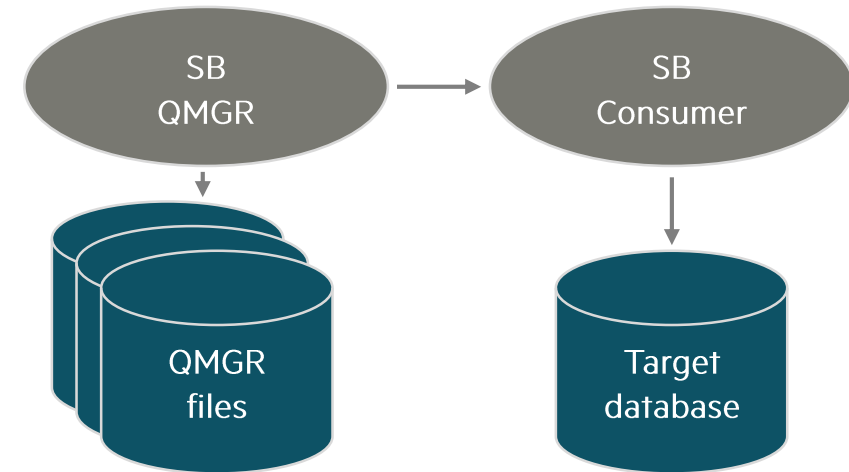
NonStop server to NonStop server – QMGR fed on target Ransomware Remediation System (RRS)



System \PROD or \DR

## Direct feed to RRS QMGR (RRS is not air-gapped):

- When attack occurs, start Consumers and optionally load target database
- Then replay queued change data to bring the target database current to a particular point in time
- Continue application processing on RRS, preserving original environment for forensic analysis



System \RRS

# HPE SHADOWBASE

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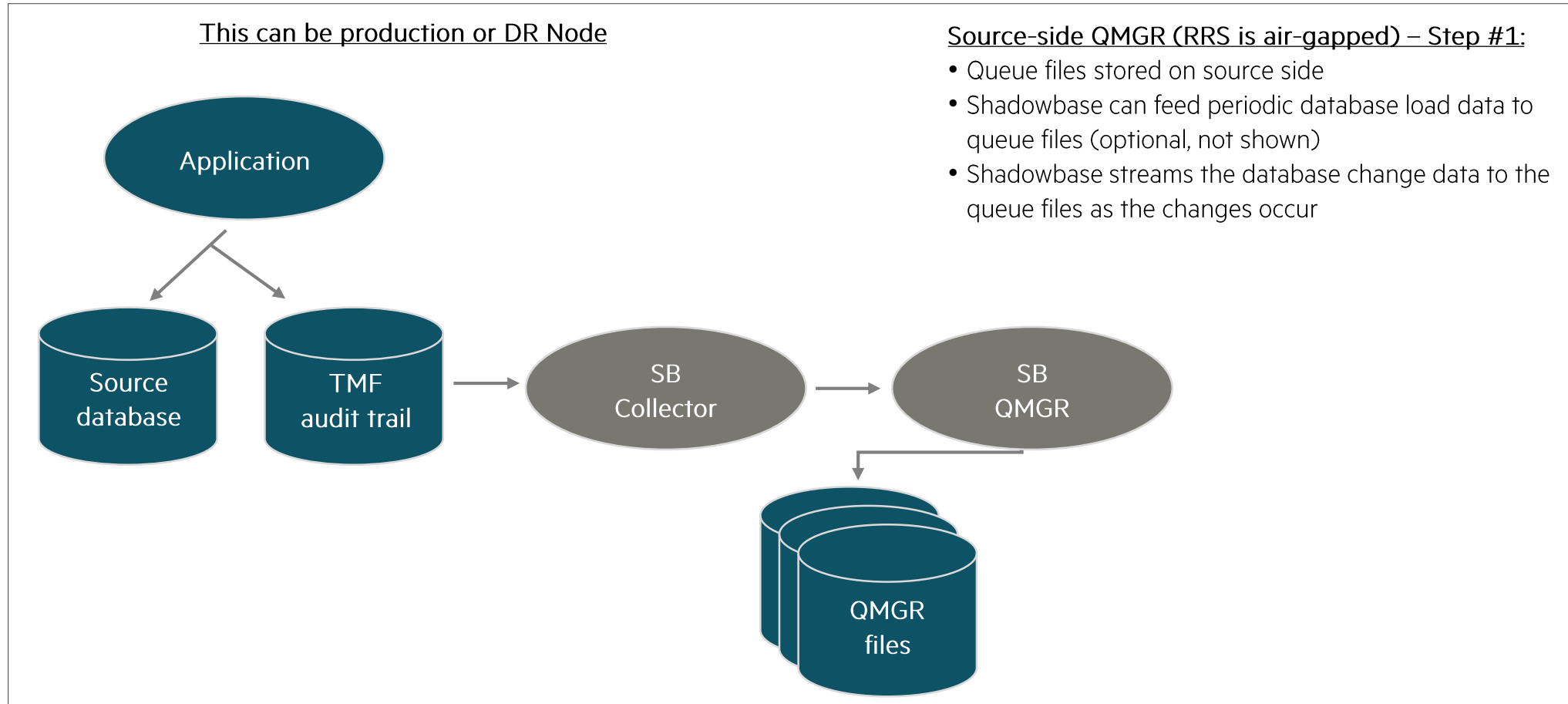
Ransomware Solution Architecture #2 – air-gapped, immutable data





# SHADOWBASE REPLICATION TECHNOLOGY (1)

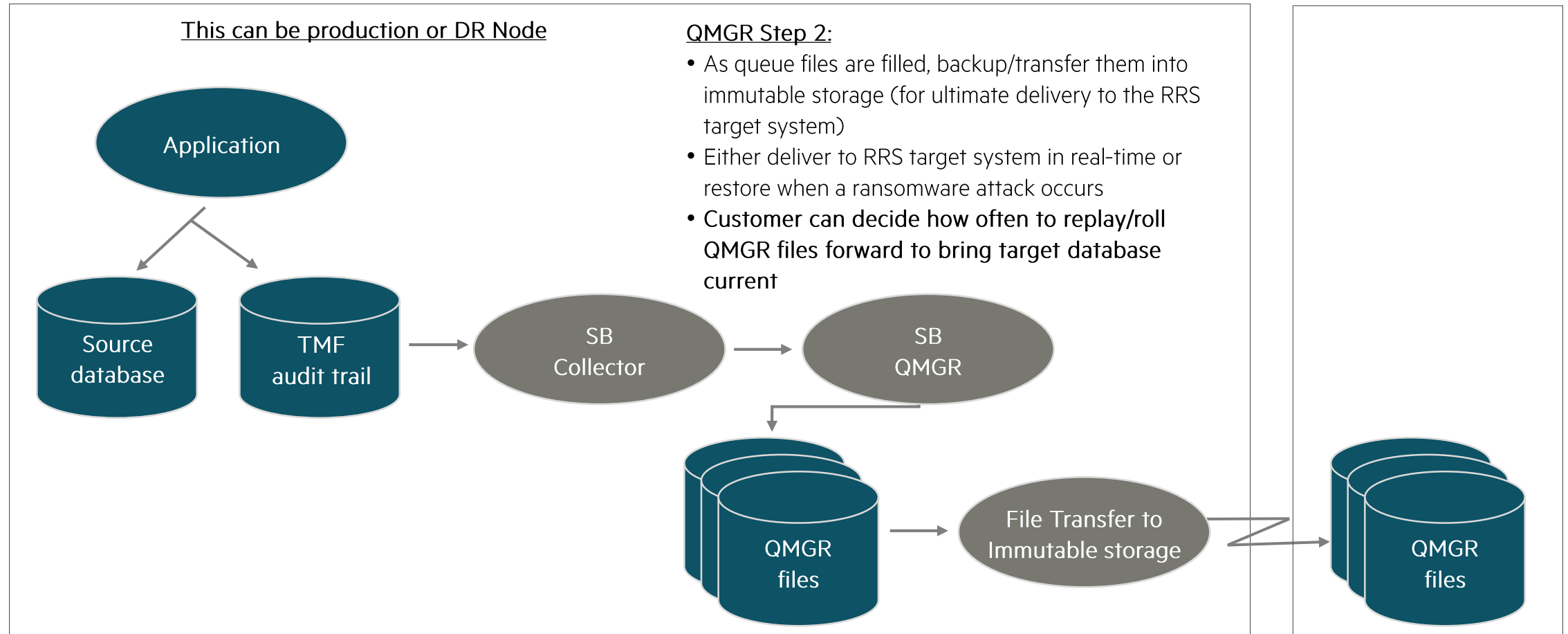
NonStop server to NonStop Server – QMGR on source side (air-gapped target) – Step 1



System \PROD or \DR

# SHADOWBASE REPLICATION TECHNOLOGY (2)

NonStop server to NonStop/SBOS platforms – QMGR on source side (air-gapped target) – Step 2

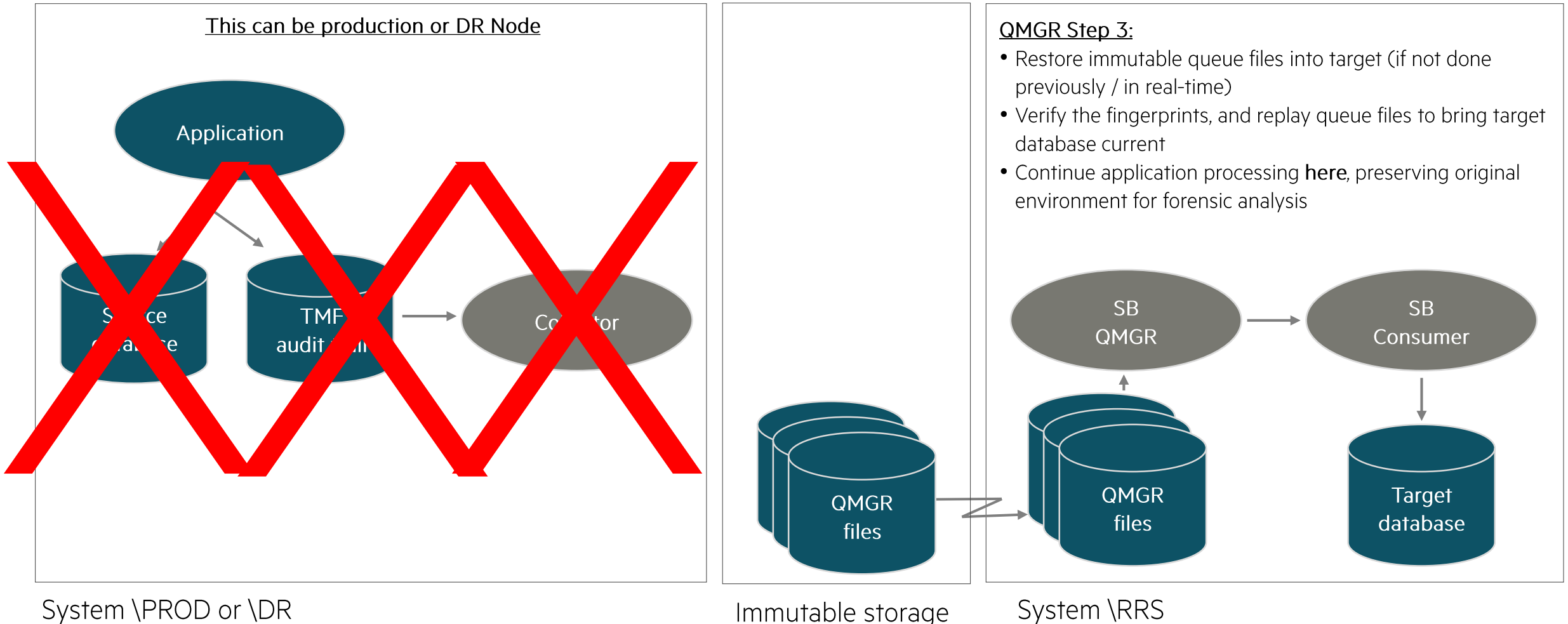


System \PROD or \DR

Immutable storage

# SHADOWBASE REPLICATION TECHNOLOGY (3)

NonStop server to NonStop/SBOS platforms – QMGR on source side (air-gapped target) – Step 3



System \PROD or \DR

Immutable storage

System \RRS

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This is a rolling (up to three years) Statement of Direction and is subject to change without notice.

# HPE SHADOWBASE

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Malware and Ransomware – Additional Comments





# MALWARE AND RANSOMWARE (1)

## Additional comments

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- 1. The RRS does not replace a proper DR target environment – it is a new isolated environment** (best practice)
  - a) Ideally, the RRS is managed by an independent 3<sup>rd</sup> party (for example, Greenlake)
- 2. Where should the Shadowbase QMGR queue files be stored?**
  - a) Source side vs target side? Customer choice...
  - b) On NonStop disk or on immutable storage? Customer choice...
- 3. Where should the Shadowbase QMGR queue files be fed from?**
  - a) **From the Production source system?** Customer choice...
  - b) **From the DR system?** Customer choice...
- 4. On the NonStop, TMF-audited data is your first line of defense!**
  - a) **TMF guarantees all database changes are logged into an audit trail, and this can be used for recovery!**
  - b) **Non-audited data does not have these same advantages, capabilities, nor protection**



# MALWARE AND RANSOMWARE (2)

Additional comments

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## 5. Shadowbase QMGRs provide some unique capabilities to fight ransomware and malware

- a) They can selectively replay the change data from the queue files into the target database to bring it current, or to roll-it-backward to a particular point in time before the corruption occurred
- b) **Shadowbase can detect man-in-the-middle (MiTM) attacks between its key processes as IPC's are fingerprinted**
- c) **The Shadowbase queue files are fingerprinted/validated** (queue file tampering or corruption will be detected by Shadowbase before replay)

## 6. Shadowbase replication can also replicate/queue replicated data on non-NonStop target systems!

- a) **Our customers build “data vaults” on non-NonStop target systems this way**
- b) This data can be optionally replayed into a target database, or just stored there for safe keeping
- c) We support Linux, Unix, Windows, IBM, and cloud environments as targets...as well as a host of common/popular target databases including Oracle, SQL Server, DB2, SAP Hana, SAP Sybase, MySQL, PostgreSQL, flat-files, and others



# HPE NONSTOP SHADOWBASE

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Ransomware defense and recovery utility solutions

- Shadowbase Compare & Repair
- Shadowbase Data Recovery Utilities (REDO, UNDO)

Sorry, not enough time to review these now...Visit the Gravic booth or contact us for more info 😊...



# Shadowbase Validation Architecture (VA)

New architectures from Gravic Labs to stop malware (and ransomware) in their tracks

**\*\*\* Future/Rapidly Evolving Technology \*\*\***

**Let's take a look at the VA deck!**



# Validation Architectures to Improve Data Integrity

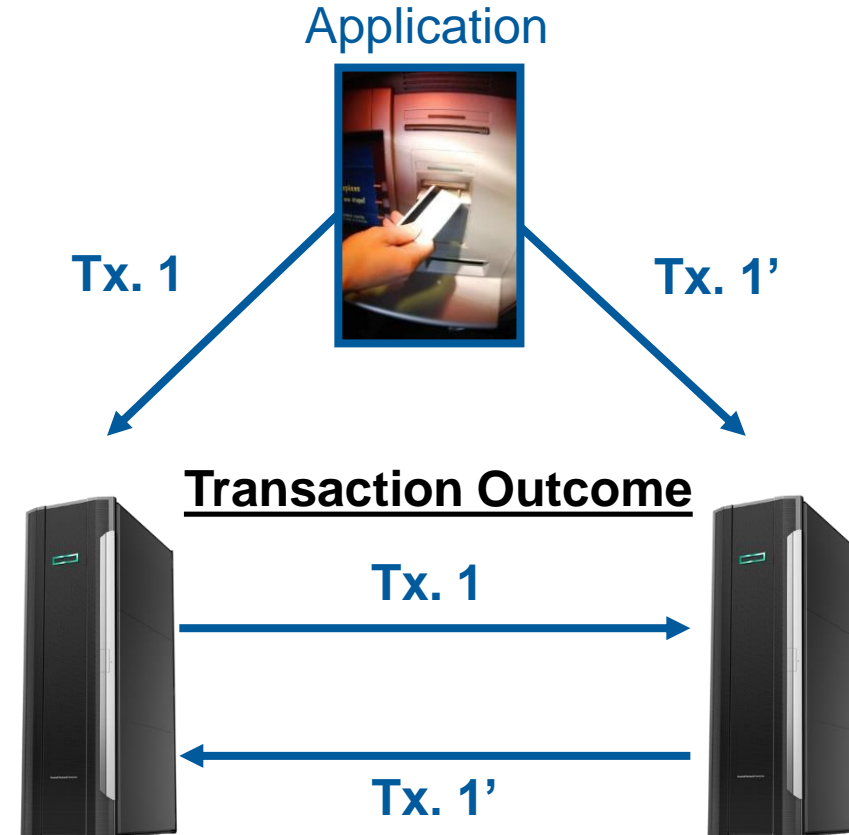
Redundant, independent processing

## Key properties

- Applications active on all nodes
- Transactions are duplicated to all nodes
- Redundant processing of each transaction occurs at each node
- Validation of outcomes

## Key benefit

- Optimized to maximize **Reliability & Data Integrity**

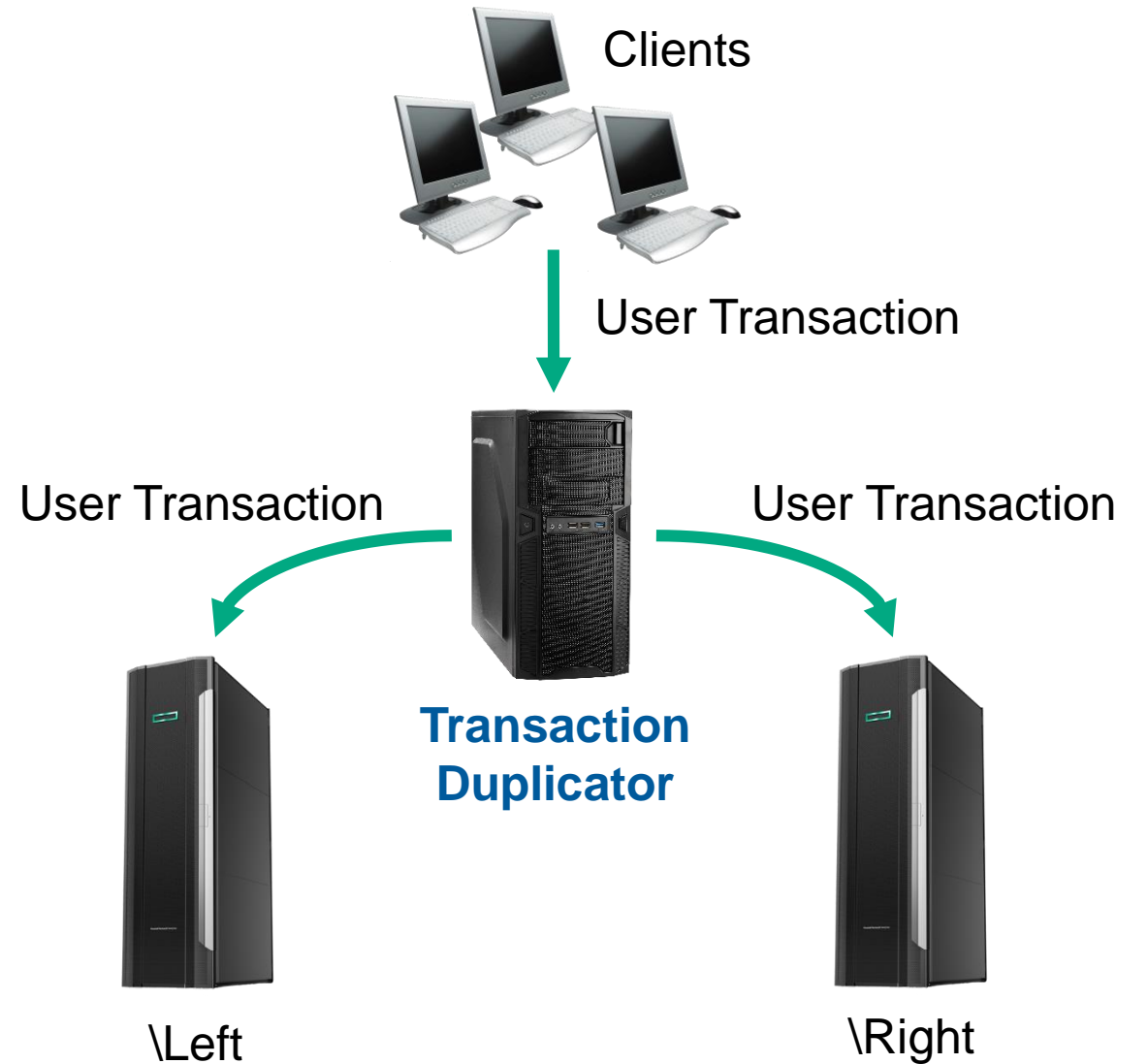


# Validation Architectures

Three Key Levels: **0**, **1**, and **2**

- **Level 0** – Periodic Transaction Validation
- **Level 1** – Asynchronous Transaction Validation
- **Level 2** – Synchronous Transaction Validation

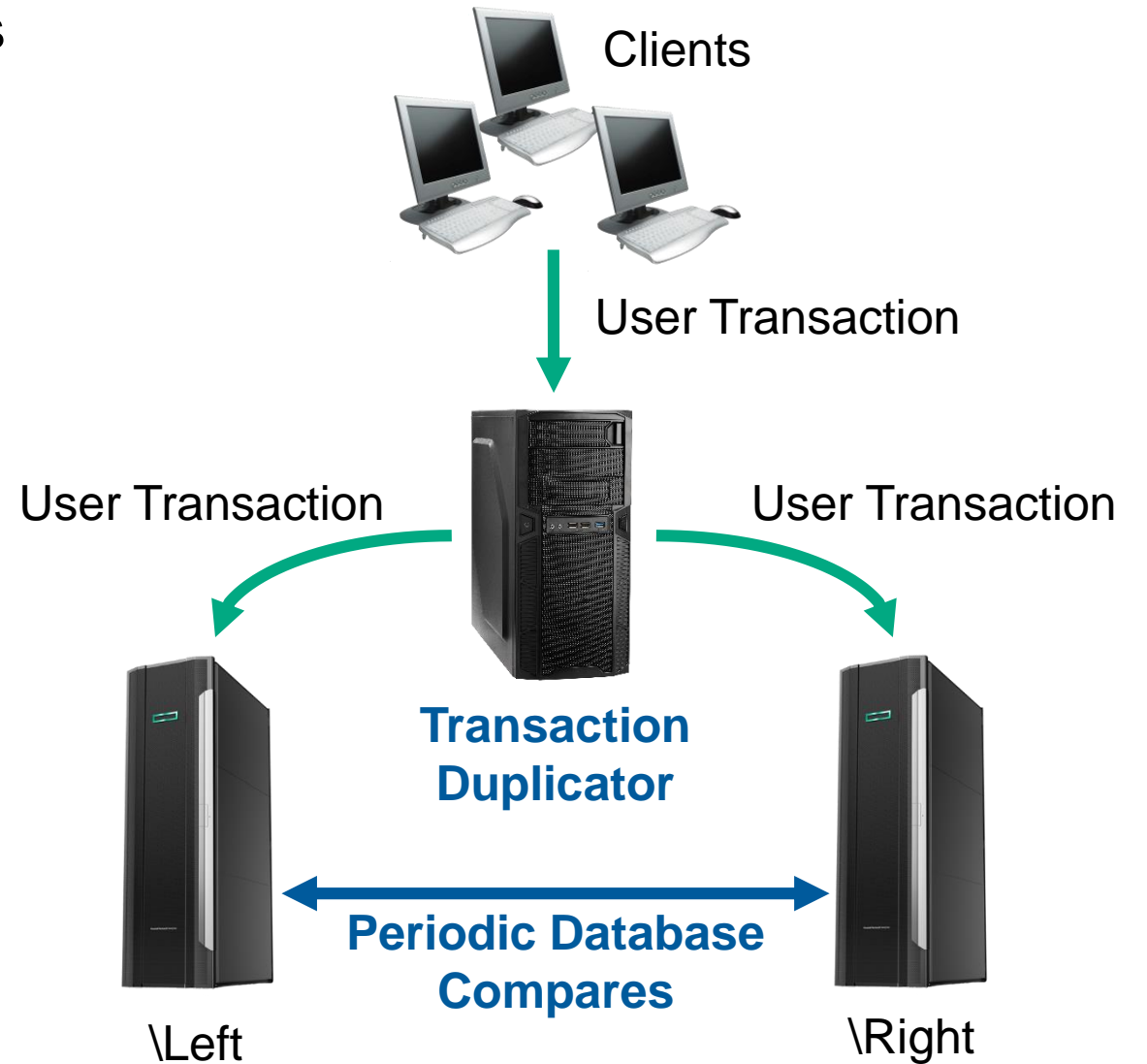
All leverage a **Transaction Duplicator**  
...which can be part of the application



# Level 0: Periodic Transaction Validation

Transaction Duplicator to Two Separate Nodes

- Perform periodic database compares
- Use **Shadowbase Compare** to ensure data integrity



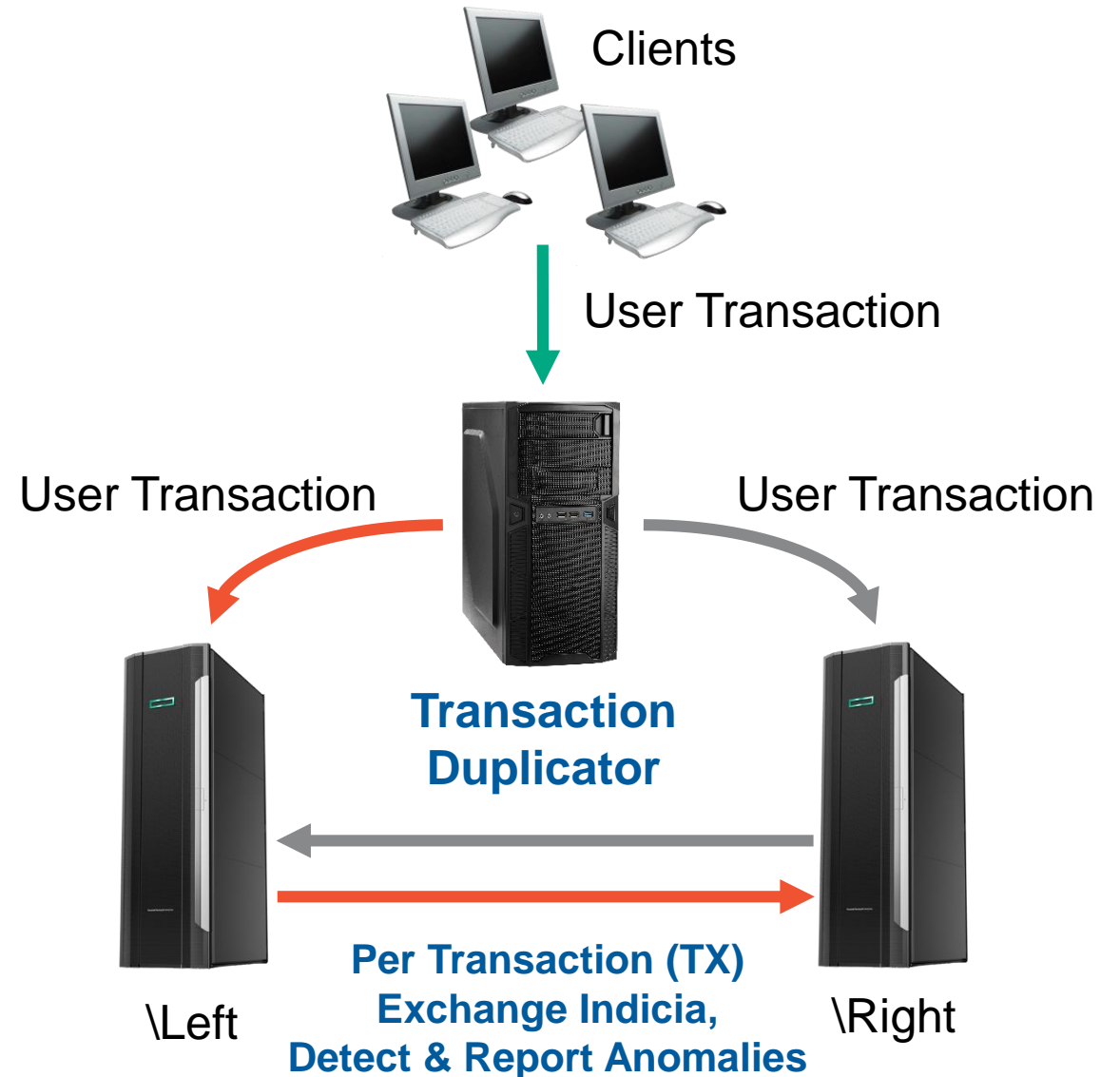
# Level 1: Asynchronous Transaction Validation

Transaction duplicator to two separate nodes

Like Level 0, with two additional features

1. Indicia is calculated, exchanged, and compared for each transaction
2. Therefore, mismatches are detected faster and can trigger events to resolve the mismatch

**Provides near real-time, but after the fact, data integrity problem detection**





## Level 2: Synchronous Transaction Validation

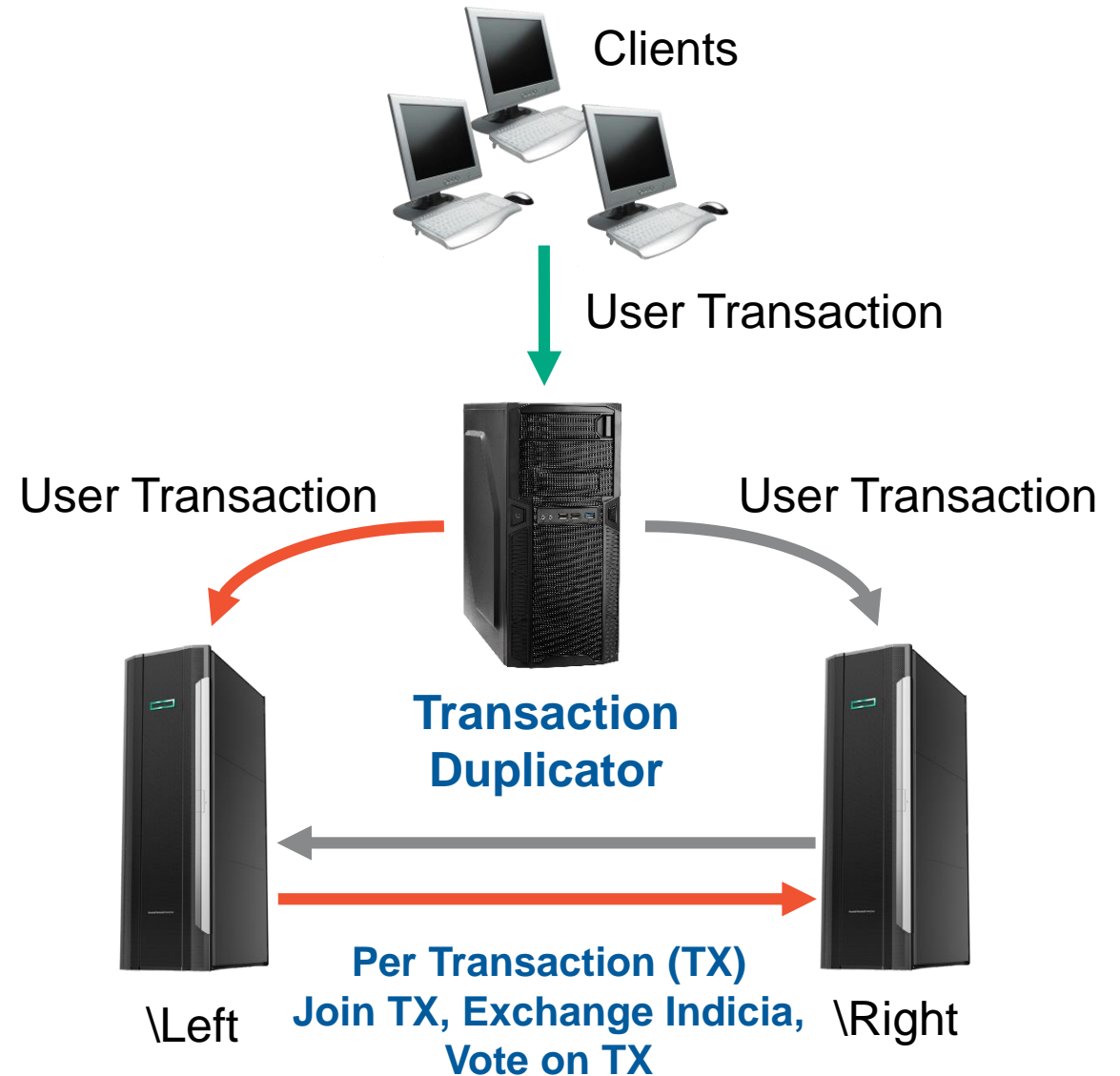
Transaction duplicator to two separate nodes

Like Level 1

1. Indicia is calculated and exchanged
2. Mismatches are detected and can trigger events
3. Provides real-time data integrity problem detection

*Plus*, when exchanging indicia (#1 above), each node votes on the outcome of the TMF transaction *before* the transaction is allowed to commit

**Prevents data integrity problems in real-time**



# Adding Continuous Availability to Validation Architectures



# Dual Server (DSR) vs. Triple Server (TSR) Reliability

Validation architecture extension for improved availability and data integrity

## DSR

Loss of a single system:

- **Loses BC**
- **Loses VA**



$$\setminus A = \setminus B$$

**Dual Server Reliability**

## TSR

Loss of a single system:

- **Preserves BC**
- **Preserves VA**



$$\setminus A = \setminus B = \setminus C$$

**Triple Server Reliability**

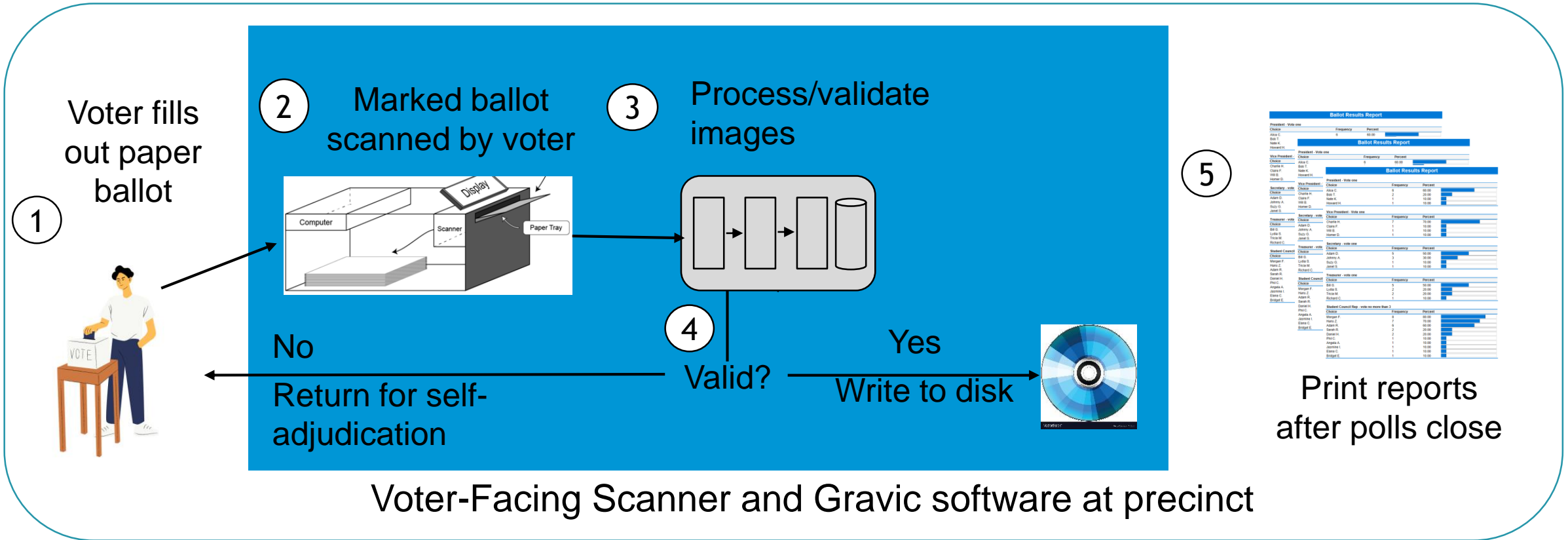
# Use Case POC

## High integrity voting system



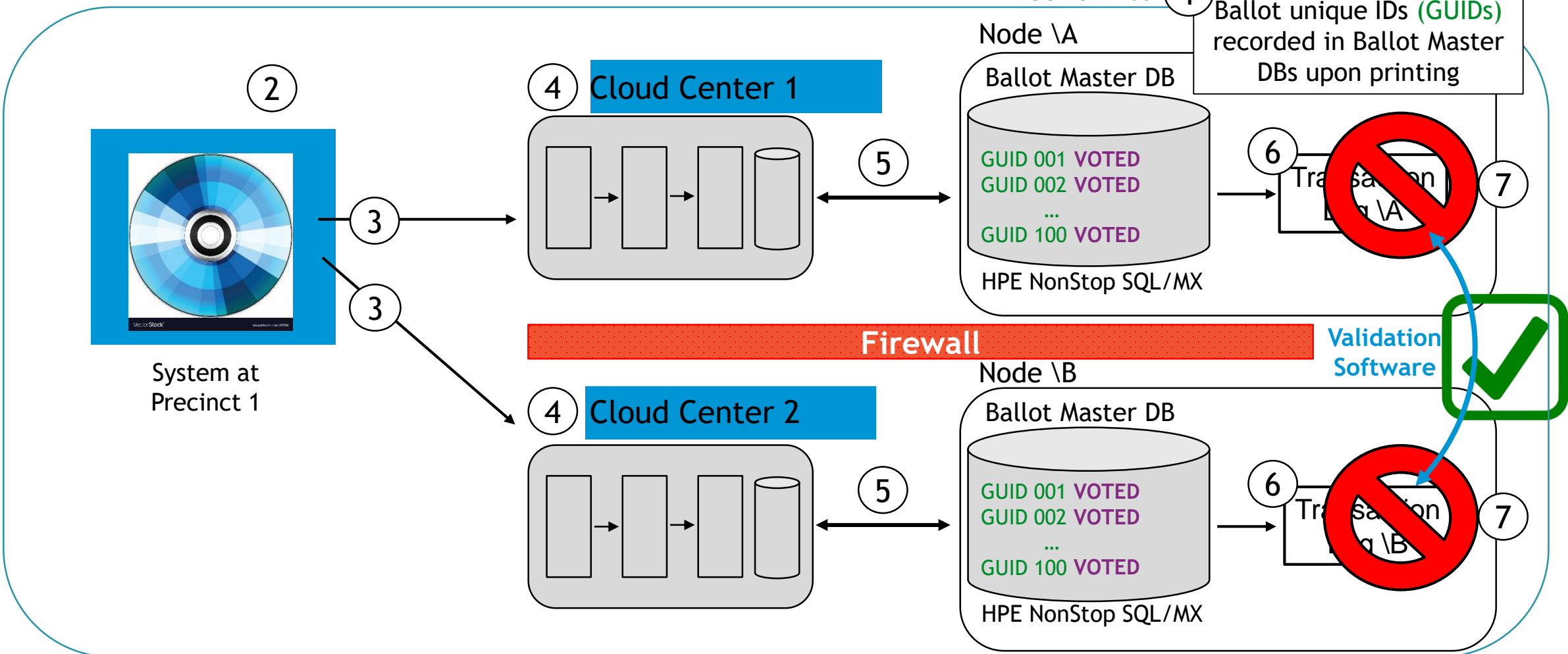
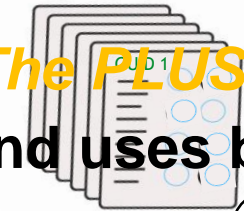
# Preventing Election Fraud – *Balloting GOLD Standard*

**Solution: A voter-facing scanner uses Gravic software to ‘score’ the ballots**



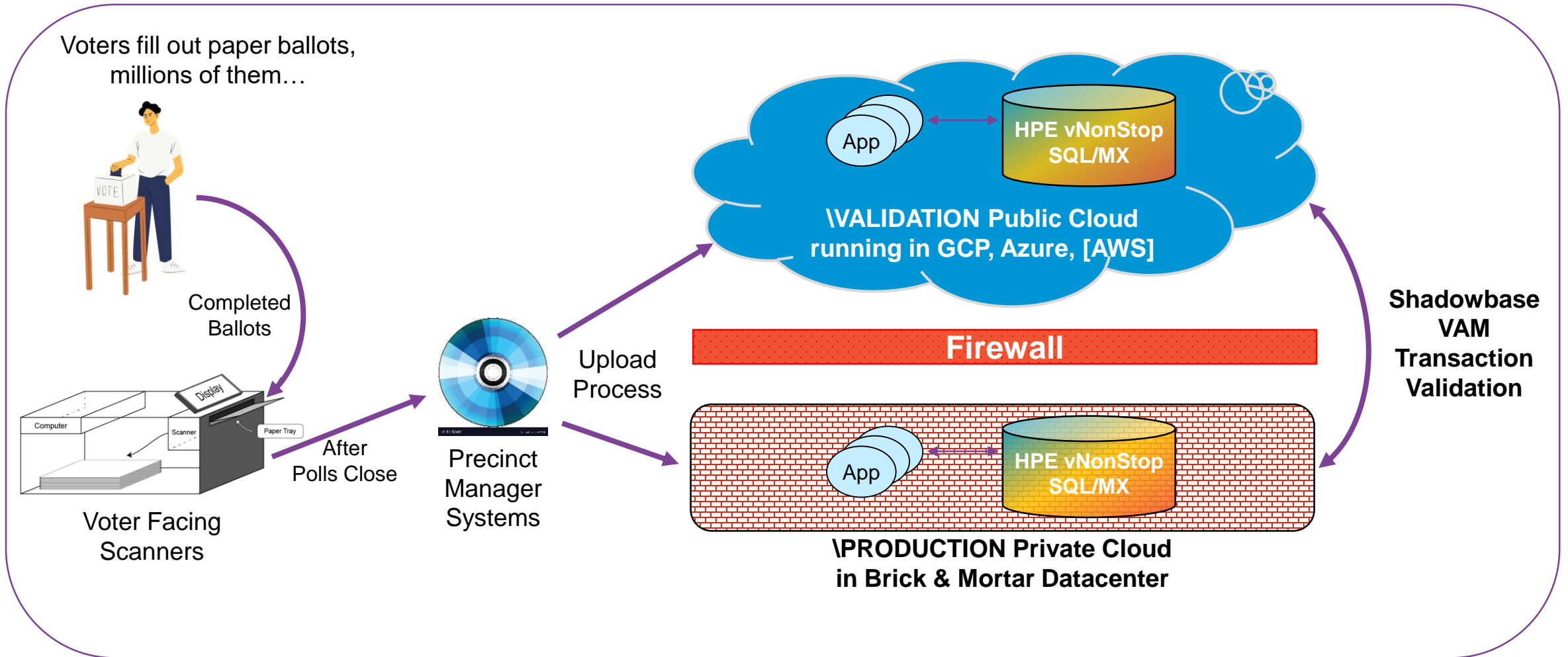
Ballot Results Report			
President - Vote use	Frequency	Percent	
Alan C	8	80.00	
Bob T	0	0.00	
John D	0	0.00	
Ballot Results Report			
Vote Use/Status	Choice	Frequency	Percent
Valid	Alan C	8	80.00
Invalid	Bob T	0	0.00
Invalid	John D	0	0.00
Ballot Results Report			
Vote Use/Status	Choice	Frequency	Percent
Valid	Alan C	8	80.00
Invalid	Bob T	0	0.00
Invalid	John D	0	0.00

Voter-Facing Scanner and Gravic software at precinct





## Preventing Election Fraud – *Recent testing...* Ballot Tabulation Between Private and Public Clouds





# VA POC Video Overview

[bit.ly/3LVN9d0](https://bit.ly/3LVN9d0): (3m:07s)





## Sessions of Interest

***HPE Shadowbase – Digital Resilience, Data Integration, and Data Validation for HPE NonStop Systems***

**Braemar Suite, Tuesday, 11:40 am – 12:10pm**

***Base24™ ATM Active-Active Business Continuity with Shadowbase Software (Customer Talk!)***

**Glamis Suite, Tuesday, 1:50pm – 2:20pm**

***Advanced Data Resiliency and Data Integrity Architectures for Mission Critical Servers***

**Braemar Suite, Wednesday, 11:40am – 12:10pm**

***Use HPE Shadowbase to Rapidly Extend HPE NonStop Databases and workloads to the Cloud***

**HPE In-Booth Demo**



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**Thank you!**

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