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NonStop Technical Boot Camp 2023

TBC23-TB60 Build a REpresentational State Transfer (REST) API microservice on NonStop in 15 minutes

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Forward-looking statements

This is a rolling (up to three year) Roadmap and is subject to change without notice

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Agenda

Why use a framework?

Getting started

Building a “hello world” service

Beyond “hello world”

Where else can you deploy on the NonStop

Thanks for attending



NonStop Partnership– It's a Beautiful Thing!



Spring Boot on NonStop

Why use a framework?

- Steps involved in providing a service written from scratch
 1. Create a socket and post a listen
 2. Read inbound request
 3. Route request to the appropriate function
 4. Parse the data in the request
 5. Do work
 6. Build a reply
 7. Send reply to the requestor
- And make this all run as a threaded application to handle concurrent requests



Spring Boot on NonStop

Why use a framework?

- In general, many of the “How do I do XYZ?” questions can be answered with “there is a framework for that!”
- From the Spring Boot site (<https://spring.io/projects/spring-boot>)

Spring Boot makes it easy to create stand-alone, production-grade Spring based Applications that you can "just run".

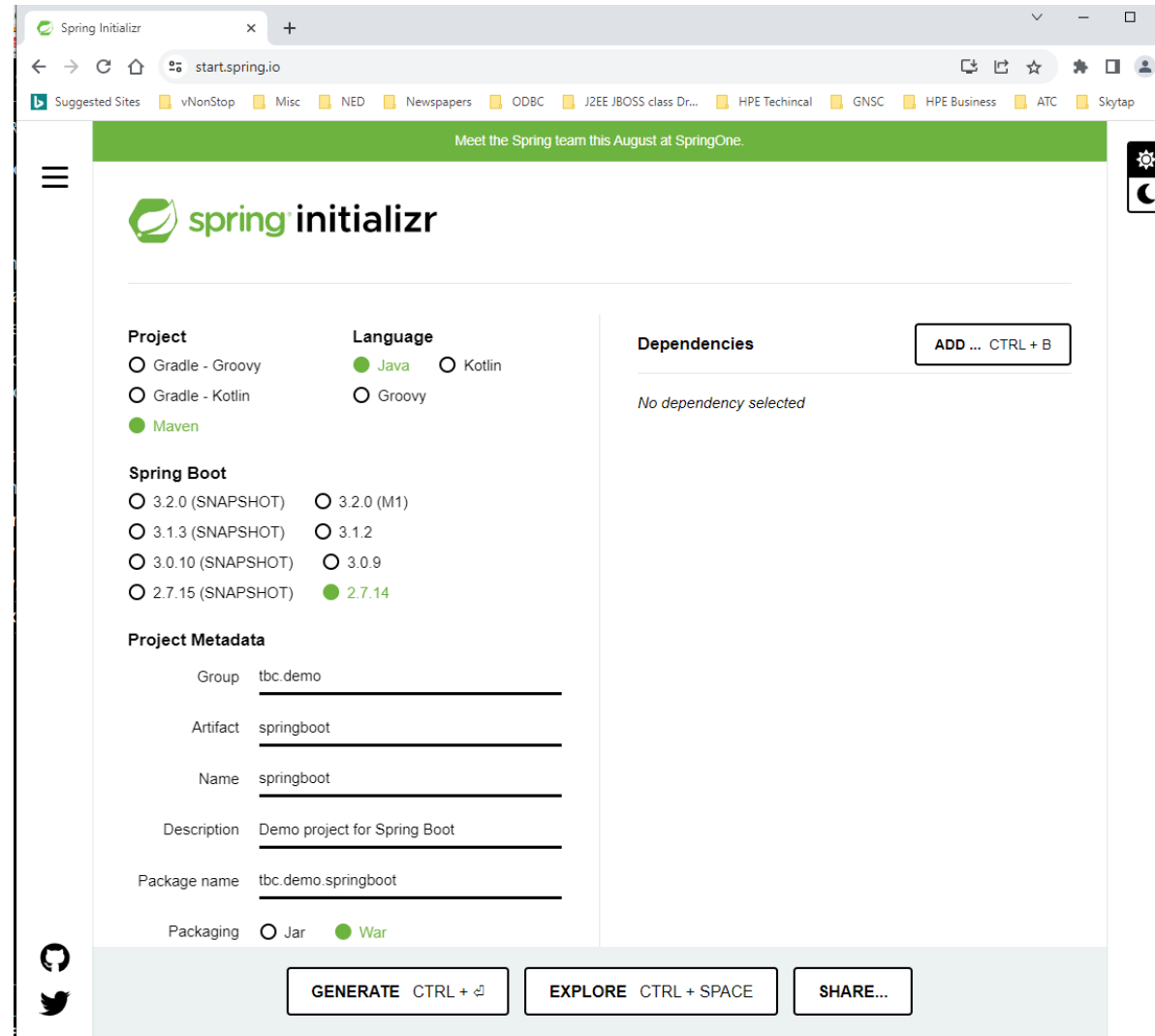
- Spring Boot allows you to quickly and easily deploy a microservice without having to code everything by hand
- It only requires java
- As an open-source project, it is supported by the open-source community.
- HPE does support NSJ and will address any issues in that product.



Spring Boot on NonStop

Getting started

- You can either use your favorite Integrated Development Environment (IDE) or use the “spring initializr” site <https://start.spring.io>
- For this demo we will use
 1. Project - Maven
 2. Language - Java
 3. Spring Boot - 2.7.14
 4. Packaging - War



The screenshot shows the Spring Initializr web application in a browser. The URL is start.spring.io. The page features a green header with the Spring logo and the text "spring initializr". Below the header, there are several sections for configuring a project:

- Project:** Radio buttons for Gradle - Groovy, Gradle - Kotlin, and Maven (selected).
- Language:** Radio buttons for Java (selected), Kotlin, and Groovy.
- Spring Boot:** Radio buttons for various versions, with 2.7.14 (SNAPSHOT) selected.
- Project Metadata:** Text input fields for Group (tbc.demo), Artifact (springboot), Name (springboot), Description (Demo project for Spring Boot), and Package name (tbc.demo.springboot).
- Packaging:** Radio buttons for Jar and War (selected).
- Dependencies:** A section with an "ADD ... CTRL + B" button and the text "No dependency selected".

At the bottom of the page, there are three buttons: "GENERATE CTRL + G", "EXPLORE CTRL + SPACE", and "SHARE...".










Spring Boot on NonStop

Getting started

- The initializer will download a ZIP file that will contain a ready to build application

Name

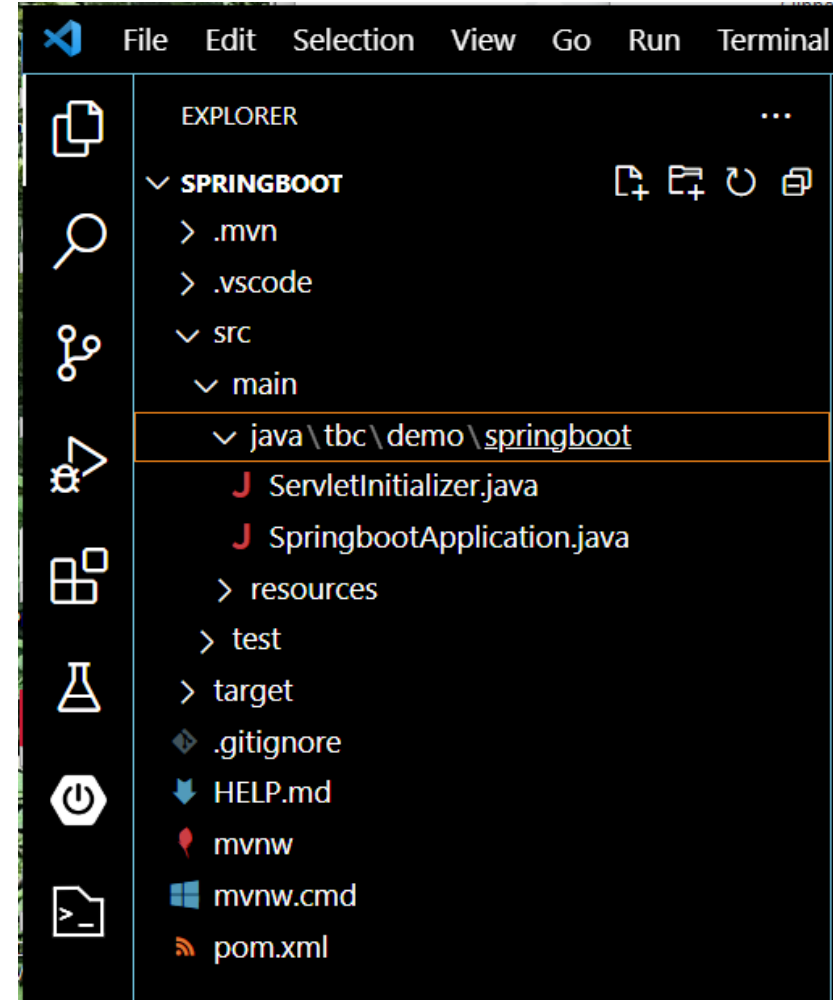
-  .mvn
-  src
-  .gitignore
-  HELP.md
-  mvnw
-  mvnw.cmd
-  pom.xml



Spring Boot on NonStop

Building a “hello world” service

- You can do your builds in OSS as maven is also pure java code and will run on the NonStop platform.
- Using an IDE does have some real benefits over just a standard text editor.
- My IDE of choice for the moment is VSCode



Spring Boot on NonStop

Building a “hello world” service

- Spring Boot has the concept of Representational State Transfer (REST) Controllers where you build the logic to handle requests, for “hello world” that is as simple as:

```
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;  
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
```

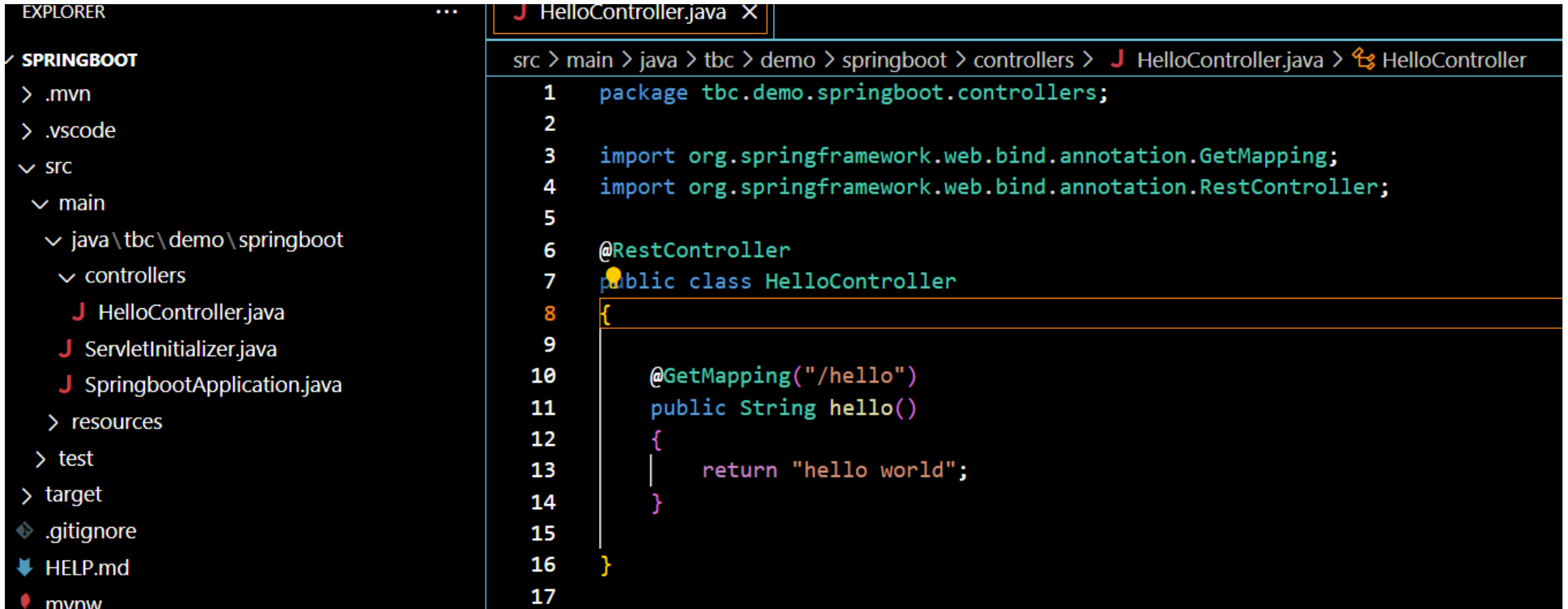
```
@RestController  
public class HelloController  
{  
  
    @GetMapping("/hello")  
    public String hello()  
    {  
        return "hello world";  
    }  
}
```



Spring Boot on NonStop

Building a “hello world” service

- And in VSCode



```
EXPLORER
├── SPRINGBOOT
│   ├── .mvn
│   ├── .vscode
│   ├── src
│   │   ├── main
│   │   │   ├── java \ tbc \ demo \ springboot
│   │   │   │   ├── controllers
│   │   │   │   │   ├── HelloController.java
│   │   │   │   │   ├── ServletInitializer.java
│   │   │   │   │   └── SpringBootApplication.java
│   │   │   │   ├── resources
│   │   │   │   ├── test
│   │   │   │   └── target
│   │   ├── .gitignore
│   │   ├── HELP.md
│   │   └── mvnw
└── ...

HelloController.java X
src > main > java > tbc > demo > springboot > controllers > HelloController.java > HelloController

1  package tbc.demo.springboot.controllers;
2
3  import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
4  import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
5
6  @RestController
7  public class HelloController
8  {
9
10     @GetMapping("/hello")
11     public String hello()
12     {
13         return "hello world";
14     }
15
16 }
17
```

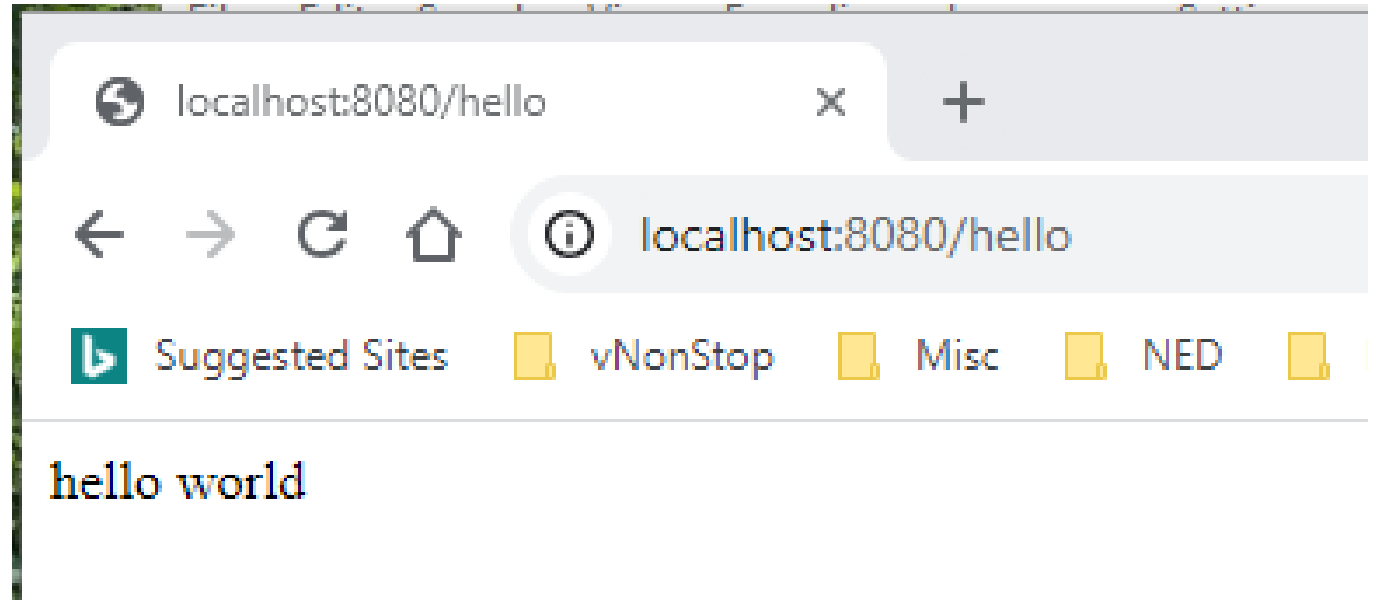
Spring Boot on NonStop

Building a “hello world” service

- And with the maven command:

```
mvn spring-boot:run
```

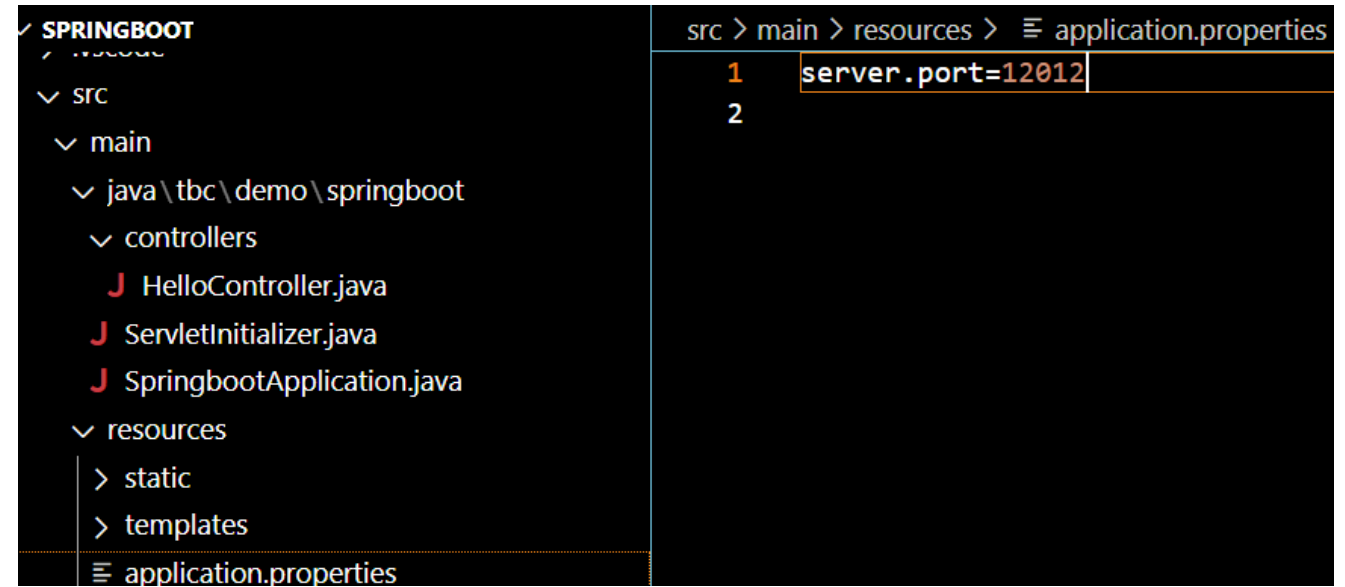
- You can start the application on your workstation and access hello world



Spring Boot on NonStop

Beyond “hello world”

- By default, the application uses port 8080 like many other frameworks.
- That can be easily changed by setting `server.port` in the application's properties file.



The screenshot shows an IDE interface. On the left, a file explorer displays the project structure for 'SPRINGBOOT'. The path is expanded to 'resources', showing subfolders 'static' and 'templates', and the file 'application.properties'. On the right, the 'application.properties' file is open, showing the line `server.port=12012` highlighted in orange. The breadcrumb at the top of the editor reads 'src > main > resources > application.properties'.



Spring Boot on NonStop

Beyond “hello world”

- To do “real work” with this application we need to define two additional java objects:
 1. We need to define an entities that describes the format of the inbound and outbound JSON payloads. For our example we will do this with one entity
 2. We need to define the controller that will do the work
- Neither of these objects require a lot of user code



Spring Boot on NonStop

Beyond “hello world”

```
public class Employee
{

    private Integer empid;
    private String firstname;
    private String lastname;
    private int departid;

    public Employee()
    {
        // default constructor
    }

    public Employee(int empid, String firstname, String lastname, int departid)
    {
        this.setEmpid(empid);
        this.setFirstname(firstname);
        this.setLastname(lastname);
        this.setDepartid(departid);
    }

    // getters and setters
```



Spring Boot on NonStop

Beyond “hello world”

```
@RestController
public class workController
{

    @PostMapping(path = "/doWork", consumes = MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE)
    public Employee doWork(@RequestBody Employee employee)
    {
        Employee replyEmployee = new Employee();

        int empid = employee.getEmpid();

        replyEmployee.setEmpid(empid);
        replyEmployee.setFirstname("John");
        replyEmployee.setLastname(System.getProperty("os.name"));
        replyEmployee.setDepartid(1);

        return replyEmployee;
    }
}
```



Spring Boot on NonStop

Beyond “hello world”

- The input JSON payload:

```
{  
  "empid" : 1  
}
```

- The curl command

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" http://localhost:12012/doWork -d @doWork.json
```

- The output

```
{"empid":1,"firstname":"John","lastname":"Windows 10","departid":1}
```



Spring Boot on NonStop

Beyond “hello world”

- The WAR file `springboot-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.war` in the target directory can be pushed to any platform and run from a command line. For example, on my lab system:

```
java -jar springboot-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.war
```

- Curl command changes to
`curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" http://TBC1:12012/doWork -d @doWork.json`

- Output is the similar, note the lastname now points to NonStop:

```
{"empid":1,"firstname":"John","lastname":"NONSTOP_KERNEL","departid":1}
```



Spring Boot on NonStop

How else can you deploy on the NonStop

- You can put WAR file in a TS/MP configuration as a server class using TCPIP^FILTER^KEY to all multiple servers to listen on the same port:

```
set server define =PTCPIP^FILTER^KEY,CLASS MAP,FILE \SOSS.JZSPRING.KEY
```

- As this will be a pure socket application without any TS/MP API interface (SERVERCLASS_SEND_) TS/MP will not be able to the starting/stopping of dynamic servers in the server class. You can use NonStop Middleware Elasticity Framework (NSMEF) to provide for dynamic server control. That would be a topic for another presentation.



Spring Boot on NonStop

Where else can you deploy on the NonStop

- You can put the WAR file in a Pathway using NSJ Infrastructure (NSJI) and access them directly from NonStop HTTP Server (NSHTTP). This gives you the all the security of NSHTTP and since NSJI is in use you get Pathway to dynamically start servers when needed.

- The settings need to invoke JI are this env:

JI_ENABLE=true

- And this -D flag

-Dji.mapping.file=./ji.prop



Spring Boot on NonStop

Where else can you deploy on the NonStop

- This ji.prop file contains:

```
server_socket-0.0.0.0:12012 pathsend_qualifier=**ANY-DIALOG**:open_qualifier=**ANY-QUALIFIER**:mode=REQUEST_RESPONSE:single_dialog=true
```

Which tells the JI framework that all listens posted on port 12012 are to be converted to READUPDATEX() requests on \$RECEIVE



Spring Boot on NonStop

Where else can you deploy on the NonStop

- Then in the NSHTTP/<deployment>/conf/proxy directory you would add a conf file, in our setup we named it sb.conf and it contains:

```
<Location /sb/>
```

```
ProxyPass http://localhost:11111/  
dest="pathmon=$SBJI:serverclass=SPRINGBOOT:mode=REQUEST_RESPONSE:pathsend_qualifier=**  
CONTEXT-SENSITIVE**:single_dialog=true"
```

```
</Location>
```

- The /sb/ defines a prefix for the URL to make it unique in your environment. It specifies the URL as localhost with the port 11111 which just needs to be unique in the environment. It also includes the target PATHMON and SERVERCLASS



Spring Boot on NonStop

Where else can you deploy on the NonStop

- The curl command to call this NSHTTP copy of the application would be:

```
/usr/bin/curl -X 'POST' "http://10.10.69.130:8080/sb/doWork/" \  
-H 'accept: application/json' -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \  
-d @doWork.json
```

- Where port 8080 is the port for the NSHTTP http daemon and the URL is added to match up with the sb.conf definition
- Output will be the same as direct access to the application:

```
{"empid":1,"firstname":"John","lastname":"NONSTOP_KERNEL","departid":1}
```



Spring Boot on NonStop

Where else can you deploy on the NonStop

- You can put the WAR file under NS SERVLETS FOR JAVASERVER PG (NSJSP) as a servlet. You can place the WAR file in the webapps directory of your NSJSP instance.
- Add an NSJSP instance
- Copy the Spring Boot WAR file to your servlets/webapps directory. In our test we renamed it sb.war
- Curl command to access this instance:

```
/usr/bin/curl -X 'POST' "http://10.10.69.130:8080/servlets/sb/doWork/" \  
-H 'accept: application/json' -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \  
-d @doWork.json
```

- Output:

```
{"empid":1,"firstname":"John","lastname":"NONSTOP_KERNEL","departid":1}
```



Spring Boot on NonStop

Where else can you deploy on the NonStop

- You can use NS API Gateway as the entry points for the microservice if it is using socket connections. There is another talk that discusses this in detail.



Thank you for attending this talk TBC23-TB60 Build a REpresentational State Transfer (REST) API microservice on NonStop in 15 minutes.

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